## In the Claims

This listing of all claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

- 1. (previously presented) A quenched and tempered steel wire which can be cold forged, comprising 0.10-0.40 wt% C, 1.0 wt% or less of Si, 0.30-2.0 wt% Mn, 0.03 wt% or less of P, 0.03 wt% or less of S, and a balance of Fe and impurities, wherein an austenite grain size is 5-20  $\mu$ m, impact absorption energy is 60 J/cm² or more at -40°C, and tensile strength is 70-130 kgf/mm².
- 2. (original) The steel wire as set forth in claim 1, further comprising at least one component selected from the group consisting of 0.05-2.0 wt% Cr, 0.05-1.5 wt% Mo, and 0.0003-0.0050 wt% B.
- 3. (previously presented) A method of producing a steel wire for cold forging comprising:

induction heating steel, which contains 0.10-0.40 wt% C, 1.0 wt% or less of Si, 0.30-2.0 wt% Mn, 0.03 wt% or less of P, 0.03 wt% or less of S, and a balance of Fe and impurities, to an Ac3 transformation point or higher so that an austenite grain size is  $5-20~\mu m$ ;

cooling the heated steel; and

heat treating the cooled steel in such a way that tensile strength is 70 - 130 kgf/mm<sup>2</sup> at a tempering parameter (P) ranging from 21,800 to 30,000,

which is expressed by a following Equation 1, so that impact absorption energy is  $60 \text{ J/cm}^2$  or more at  $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,

Equation 1

$$P = 1.8 \times (T + 273) \times (14.44 + \log t)$$

wherein, T is a tempering temperature (°C), and t is a tempering time (sec).

- 4. (original) The method as set forth in claim 3, wherein the steel further comprises at least one component selected from the group consisting of 0.05 2.0 wt% Cr, 0.05 1.5 wt% Mo, and 0.0003 0.0050 wt% B.
- 5. (previously presented) The method as set forth in claim 3, wherein the steel is induction heated without plastic deformation.
- 6. (previously presented) The method as set forth in claim 4, wherein the steel is induction heated without plastic deformation.